COLOR REFERENCE CHARTS for PULSES

by

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Pulses – 30 Primary Types – Alphabetical by Pin-Yin

Pulses I						
#	脈	Mài	MàiTranslationAlternate Names			
1.	長	Cháng	Long			
2.	沉	Chén	Sunken	Sinking, Submerged, Deep		
3.	遲	Chí	Slow			
4.	促	Cù	Skipping Hurried, Hasty, (Agitated (see #6), Accelerated)			
5.	代	Dài	Intermittent Interrupted			
6.	動	Dòng	Trembling	Agitated, Moving, Mobile, Stirring, Spinning-bean		
7.	短	Duǎn	Short			
8.	伏	Fú	Hidden	Buried		
9.	浮	Fú	Floating	Superficial		
10.	革	Gé	Drumskin	Leather(y), Tympanic		
11.	洪	Hóng	Flooding	Surging, Overflowing, Tidal		
12.	滑	Huá	Slippery			
13.	緩	Huǎn	Relaxed	Leisurely, Languid, Moderate, Slowed-down		
14.	疾	Jí	Racing	Fast, Hurried, Swift, Rushing		
15.	結	Jié	Knotted	Bound, Nodular		
16.	取 系	Jĭn	Ropelike Tight, Tense			
17.	芤	Kōu	Scallion-stalk	Hollow (Leek stalk, Onion Stalk)		
18.	牢	Láo	Bound	Confined, Firm, Hard, Imprisoned		
19.	平	Píng	Even			
20.	濡	Rú	Soggy	Soft, Frail, Weak-Floating		
21.	軟	Ruǎn	Soft	aka Ru mai = Soggy (see above)		
22.	弱	Ruò	Weak/Frail	Infirm		
23.	散	Sàn	Scattered	Dispersed, Dissipated		
24.	初加山山	Sè	Choppy	Rough		
25.	實	Shí	Full	Replete, Excess		
26.	數	Shuò	Rapid	Accelerated		
27.	微	Wēi	Faint	Minute, Diminutive		
28.	細	Xì	Thready/Fine	Thin, Small, Minute		
29.	弦	Xián	Wiry	Bowstring, Stringy		
30.	虛	Xū	Empty	Depleted, Deficient, Exhausted, Vacuous		

Pulses 1	
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Pulses – 30 Primary Types – Alphabetical by Pin-Yin

Pulses II						
#	脈	Mài	Translation	• Description: • Clinical Meaning:		
1.	長	Cháng	Long	 extends beyond the 3 positions (cun-guan-chi) good health or shi condition (usu. heat) 		
2.	沉	Chén	Sunken	 only palpable in the deep position (at the bone) xu cond. esp. qi &/or yang xu (normal during winter) 		
3.	遲	Chí	Slow	• 3 beats/resp. • presence of cold		
4.	促	Cù	Skipping	 rapid & irregular obstruction of qi & blood d/t fire; Ht qi xu 		
5.	代	Dài	Intermittent • skips, pauses, then resumes, at regular intervals • deficiency of yuan qi & yang; weakness of the zang			
6.	動	Dòng	Trembling	 fast, tight, slippery & short yin & yang struggle - the vanquished aspect is writhing 		
7.	短	Duǎn	Short	 does not fill all three positions, often confined to Guan (opposite of Long) qi xu (esp. Lu, ST, Kd) leads to qi & blood stasis 		
8.	伏	Fú	Hidden	 very deep, only found close to the bone, even then seems to arise from below severe insufficiency of yang; extreme cold obstructing (pathogens are trapped) 		
9.	浮	Fú	Floating	 feels strong with light pressure, but weakens or disappears when pressure is applied exterior condition, dz at surface, exogenous invasion 		
10.	革	Gé	Drumskin	 at the surface it is taut & firm, in the center it feels empty severe insufficiency; follows significant loss of blood or jing 		
11.	洪	Hóng	Flooding	 big, it rises strongly, but then fades out shi conditions, usu. excess heat/fire (normal during summer) 		
12.	滑	Huá	Slippery	 extra smooth, slides/rolls by, feels round & continuous vs. undulating dampness or phlegm; food retention; pregnancy 		
13.	緩	Huǎn	Relaxed	 4 beats per respiration = healthy (good aerobic fitness) + floating = wind damage + deep = damp disorder + large = Lr wind stirring + weak = Ht qi xu 		
14.	疾	Jí	Racing	 7+ beats per respiration excessive heat/fire, exhausting the body's yin 		
15.	結	Jié	Knotted	 slow & irregular obstruction of qi & blood d/t cold; Ht yang xu 		
16.	取 糸	Jĭn	Ropelike • rises & falls with strength, but vibrates to & fro, feels like a rope both taut & twisting • shi conditions; presence of cold; pain			
17.	芤	Kōu				
18.	牢	Láo	Bound • very deep, almost hidden, but once found is strong & impatient • extreme excess; internal accumulation of cold; Lr qi stagnation (normal in Winter)			
19.	平	Píng	Even			
20.	濡	Rú	Soggy	 superficial, thin, weak, & soft Sp xu and damp; severe def. of yin, blood, or jing/marrow 		
21.	軟	Ruǎn	Soft	• aka Ru mai = Soggy (see above)		
22.	弱	Ruò	Weak/Frail	 deep, but also very thin & soft yang qi is weak (unable to raise the pulse) 		
23.	散	Sàn	Scattered	 diffuse; big, but without strength, is indistinct & disappears with pressure severe deficiency; injury to yuan / Kd qi 		
24.	3777 山止	Sè	Choppy	 rough & uneven, irregular pace, but does not skip, also thin, weak and short depletion of yin (blood or fluids); (significant loss of fluids d/t; sweating, vomiting, diarrhea, or hemorrhage); blood stasis 		
25.	實	Shí	Full	 strong and forceful (felt from superficial to deep) shi conditions (repletion, accumulation, hyperfunction) 		
26.	數	Shuò	Rapid	6 beats per respiration heat conditions		
27.	微	Wēi	Faint	 very thin and soft, vague & indistinct, virtually imperceptible, with pressure it breaks up yang xu, yang collapse/desertion; severe def. of both qi & blood 		
28.	細	Xì	Thready/Fine	 thin + soft & weak (clearer than wei mai) blood-yin xu; qi xu (considered normal in Autumn) 		
29.	弦	Xián	Wiry	 taut & forceful, like a guitar string, does not undulate or vibrate pain; Lr/GB pathology; (normal during springtime) 		
30.	虛	Xū	Empty	weak & forcelessxu conditions (depletion, insufficiency, hypofunction)		

Pulses II

Pulse Reference

Pulses III

Simple	Trad.	Pīn-Yīn	ZW	Character Analysis	Literal Translation
脉	脈	Mài	120/5	body's tributaries	vein, artery, pulse
	平	Píng	27/44	exhale separating	even, level, flat; peaceful
缓	緩	Huǎn	103/21	thread and pull	loose, slack
	浮	Fú	55/7	water w/ ph: hatch	float, exceed
	沉	Chén	38/7 23/57	water w/ ph: leave	sink, submerge
	伏	Fú	91/18	person crouched like a dog	prostrate, hide
	散	Sàn	77/25	separate meat	disperse, scatter
	芤	Kōu	ph: 55/12	grass over kŏng = hole	hollow stem, scallion stalk
	革	Gé	74/2	horned animal flayed	leather; transform
	牢	Láo	92/10	ox under a roof	imprison, jail; trapped
迟	遲	Chí	90/7	move w/ ph: wěi = tail	slow, late, tardy
	數	Shuò	54/37	shù strike w/ ph: lòu = woman in middle of doing nothing = leisure	shŭ = count shù = number, several
	疾	Jí	32/22	disease like an arrow	swift, rapid
	急	Jí	14/94	heart & attain	anxious, urgent, quick
	代	Dài	45/69	person with a stake	generation; era, period, dynasty
结	結	Jié	31/5	silk thread w/ ph: jí words from scholar's mouth	tie, knot
	促	Cù	88/61	person on heels/feet	urgent, urge
实	實	Shí	95/4	string of money under roof	wealthy, substantial, solid
	虛	Xū	122/23	tiger & hill (large hill)	empty, unoccupied
	弱	Ruò	124/19	fragile plant or young bird's wings	weak
细	細	Xì	143/6	silk threads & xìn = skull	thin, fine; detailed
	微	Wēi	134/7	slender fibers = small steps	tiny, slight
	洪	Hóng	15/45	water w/ ph: gòng = 20 pairs of hands	floods
	長	Cháng	22/52	high table	duration, length, long
	短	Duăn	69/97	arrow & platter/bean	short
	弦	Xián	59/27	bow & ph: xuán = dark, abstruse	string, bowstring
· 紧	緊	Jĭn	142/20	tied firmly with thread (ropes)	tight
	滑	Huá	133/3	water & bones	slippery
涩	初期	Sè	35/26	water & stop repeatedly	rough, not fluid; astringent
动	動	Dòng	76/98	heavy & strong	act, do, move
	濡	Rú	161 161/2	water & ph: xū = rain slow like beard grows = need, require	wet, moist (Hex.5)
	軟	Ruăn	10/44	cart & lack	weak, soft, gentle

About the Author

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Jim Cleaver has devoted much of the last forty years to teaching many aspects of Chinese medicine, having held positions at Five Branches Institute in Santa Cruz, CA., The Oregon College of Oriental Medicine, and the last 22 years at National College/University of Natural Medicine in Portland, OR.

Using this book, students, teachers, and practitioners will benefit from his depth of experience in clinic and classroom. As a classroom tool and an office reference, this book is an invaluable resource.

Now retired from academics, Jim is making available some of the many books he created for his classes and students during his teaching career. These cover a wide range of topics related to Chinese Medicine, the Yi-Jing, and Chinese philosophical classics.

Jim also maintains a private practice and a Qi-Gong & Tai-Ji class begun in 1991.

